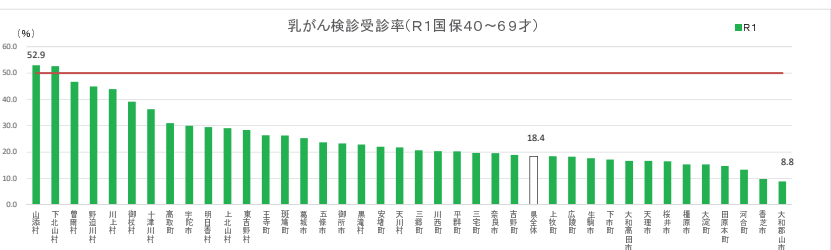
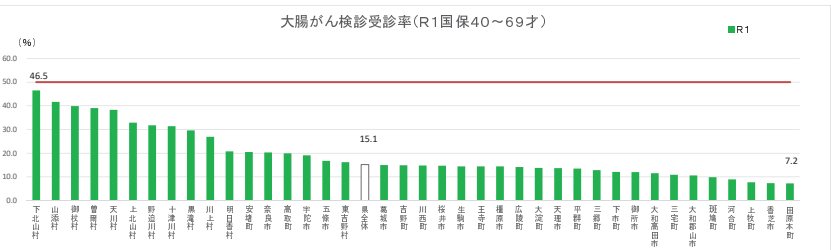
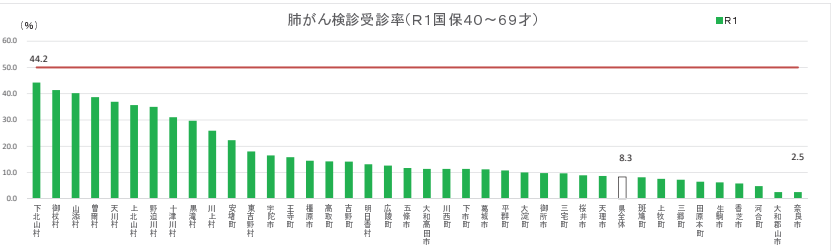
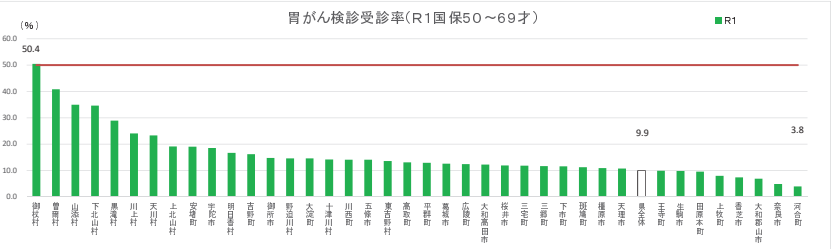
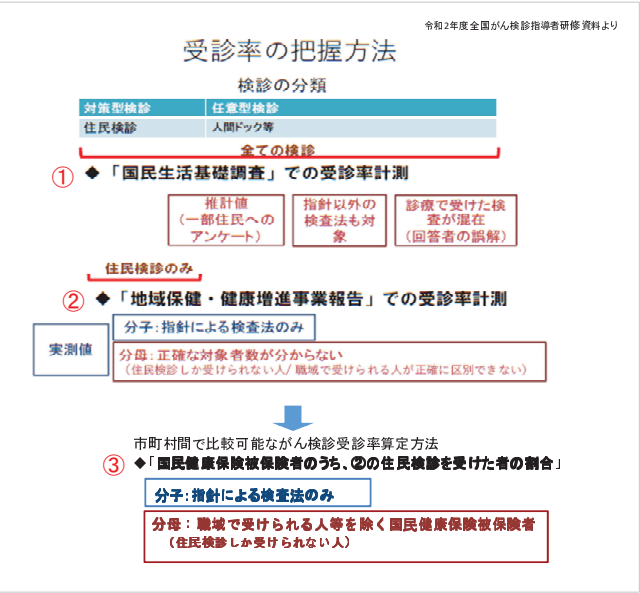


○令和元年度国保がん検診受診率

別紙1



令和元年度市町村がん検診受診率等について

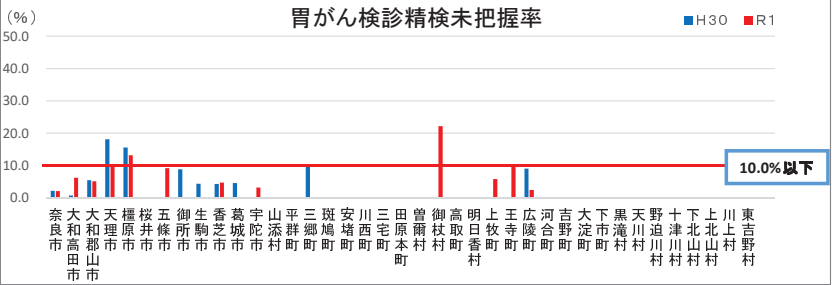
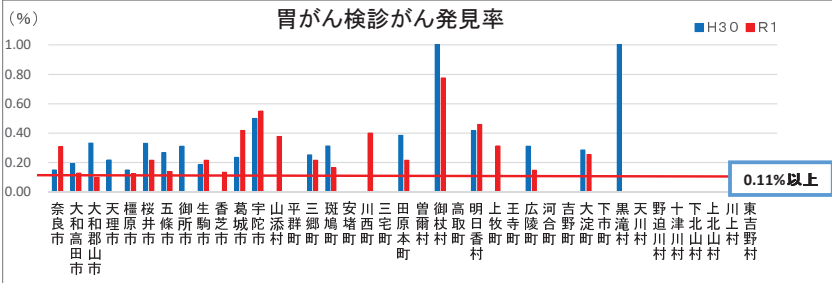
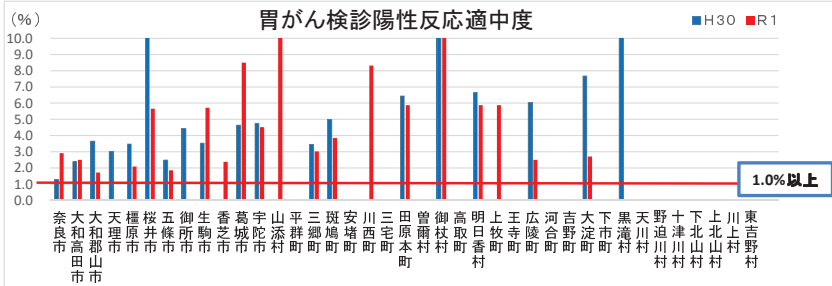
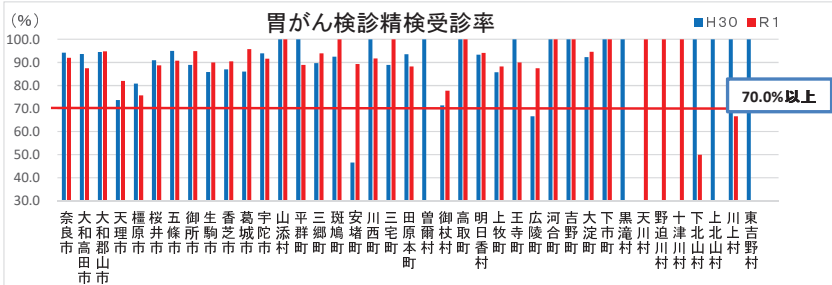
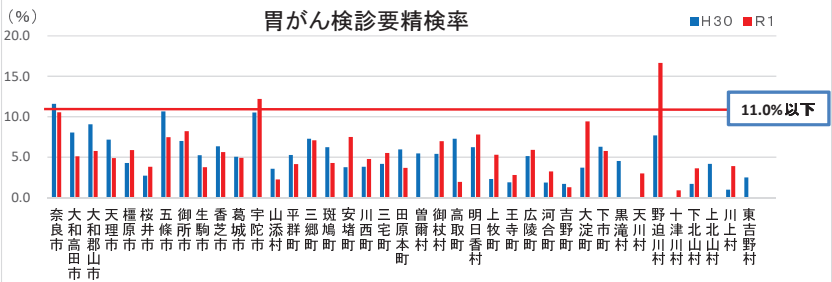
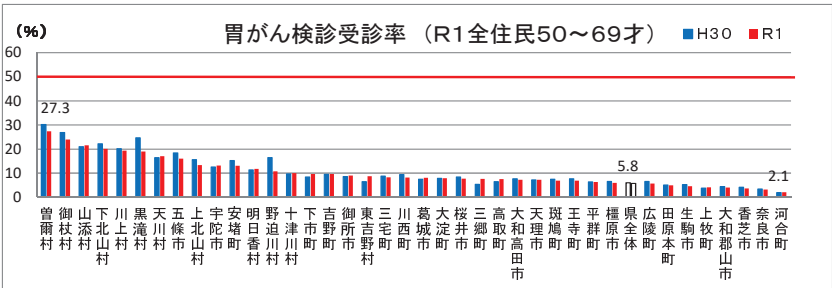
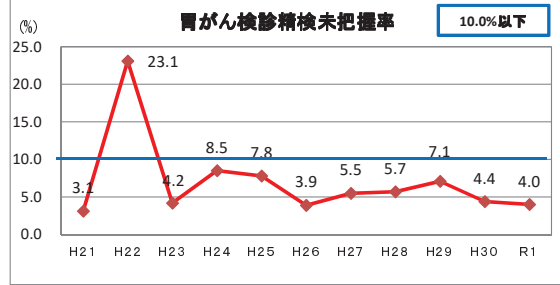
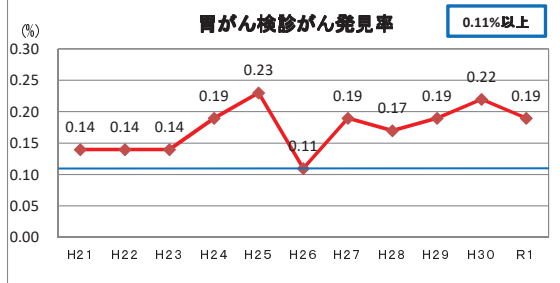
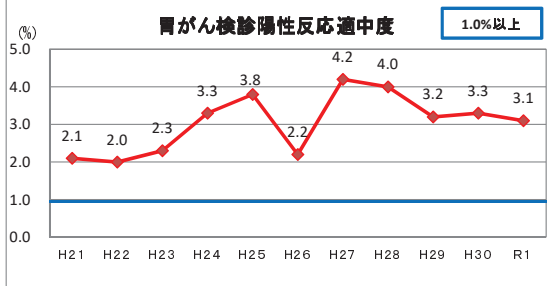
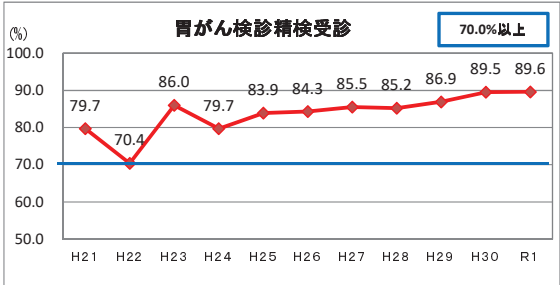
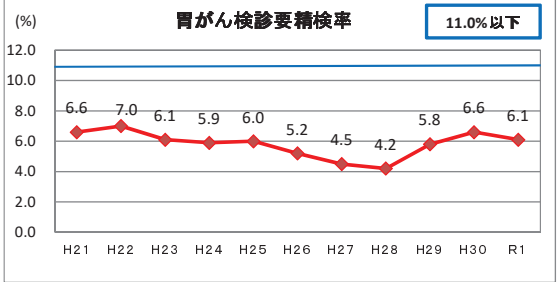


<参考> ②、③住民検診について

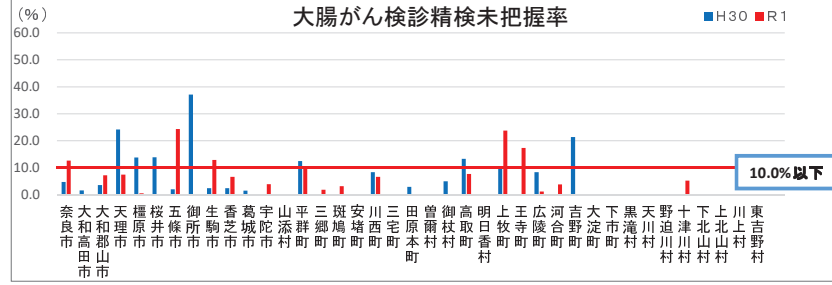
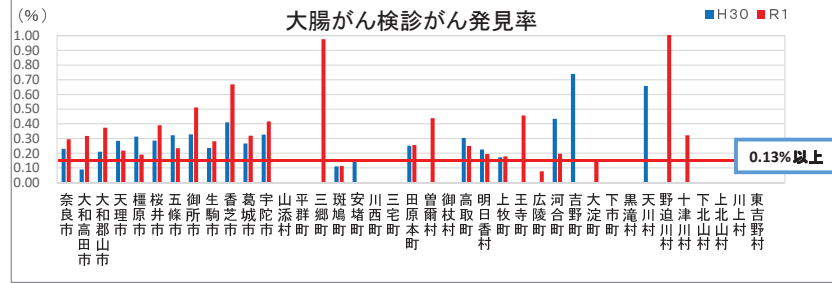
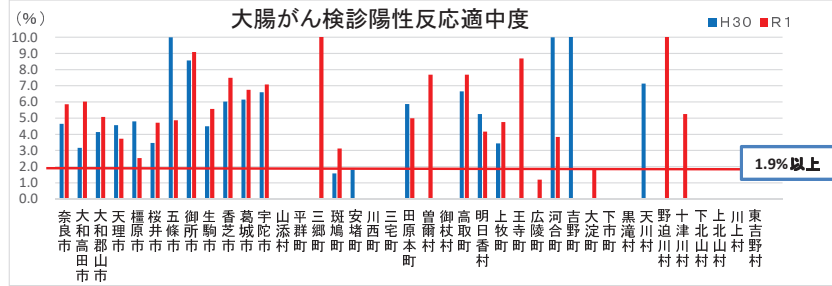
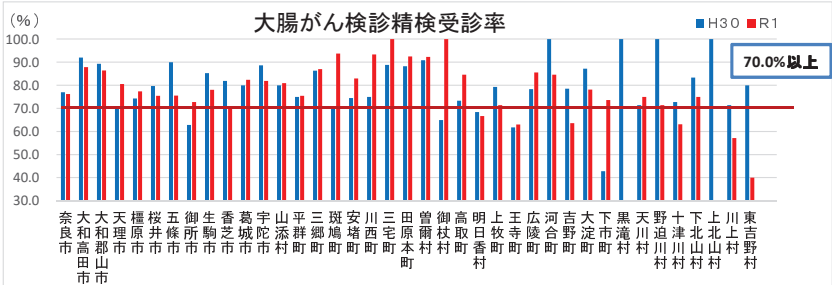
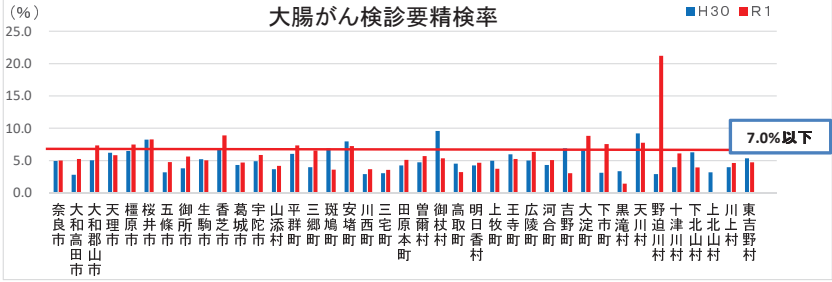
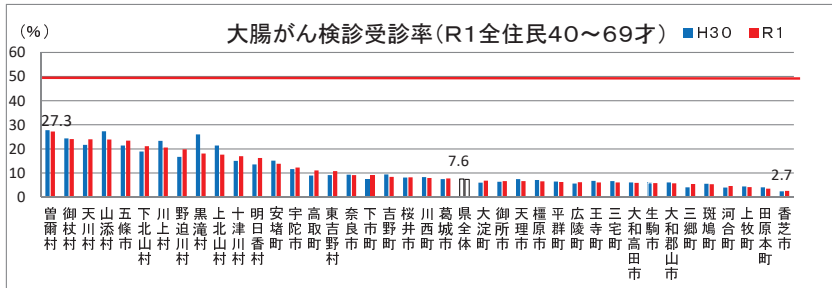
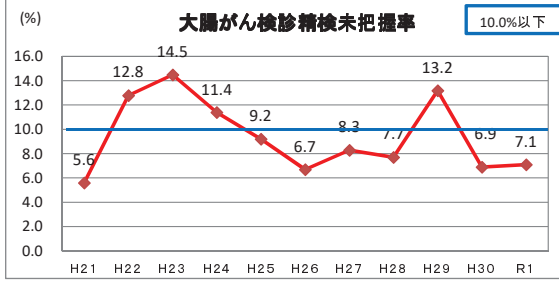
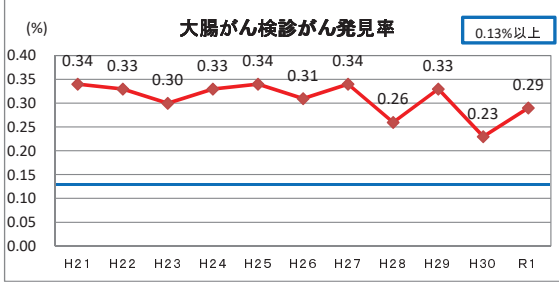
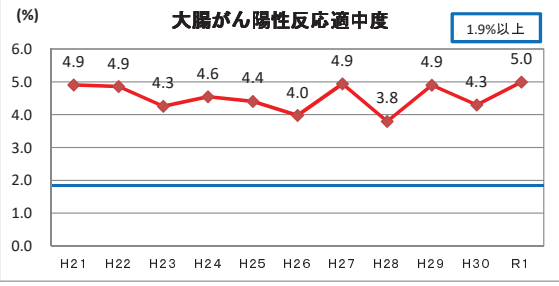
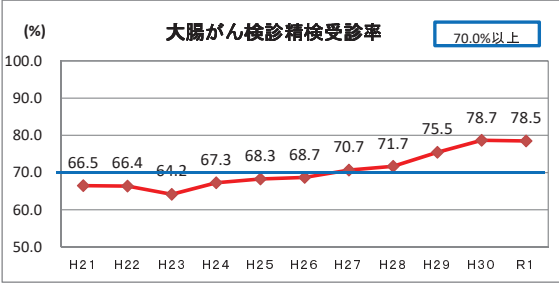
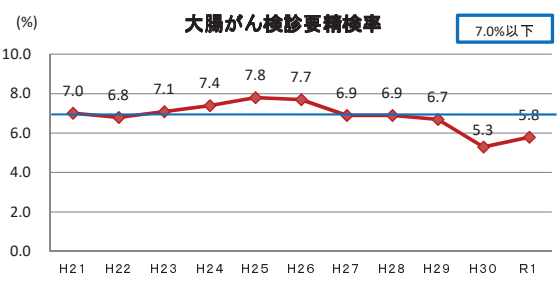
- 受診率
・受診率(胃がん、乳がん、子宮頸がん) = (前年度の受診者数) + (当年度の受診者数) / (前年度及び当該年度における2年連続受診者数) / (当該年度の対象者数) × 100
・受診率(肺がん、大腸がん) = (当該年度の受診者数) / (当該年度の対象者数) × 100
*対象者数は、年1回行うがん検診の場合と同様の考え方で算定する。
- 受診率等における対象年齢
・胃がん50～69歳、肺がん・大腸がん・乳がんは40～69歳、子宮頸がんは20～69歳とする。
・プロセス指標(要精検率・精検受診率・精検未受診率・精検未把握率・がん発見率・陽性反応適中度)は40～74歳(子宮頸がんは20～74歳)を対象として算出する。

胃癌検診受診率

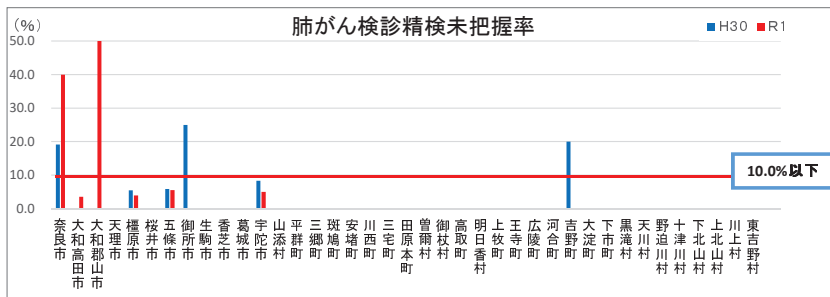
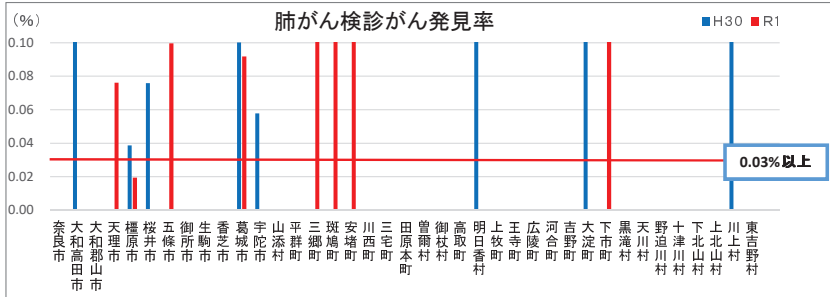
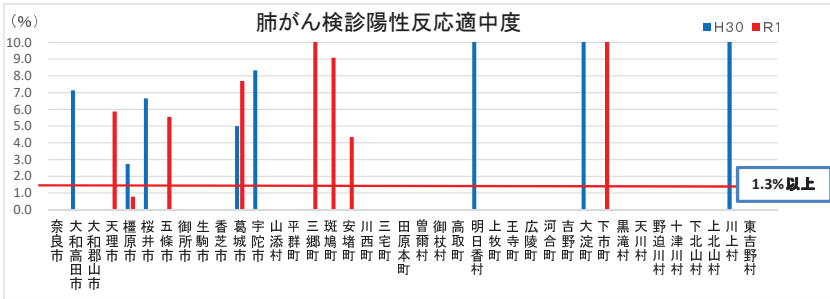
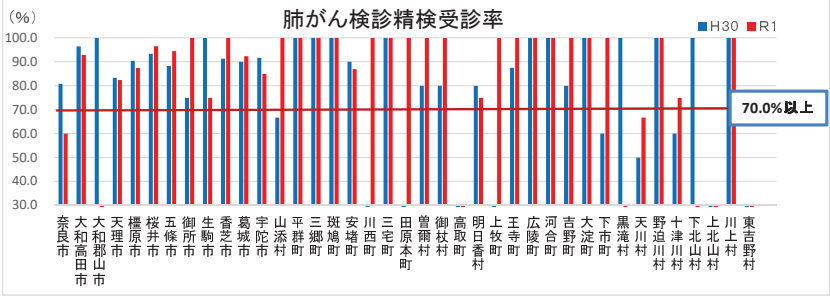
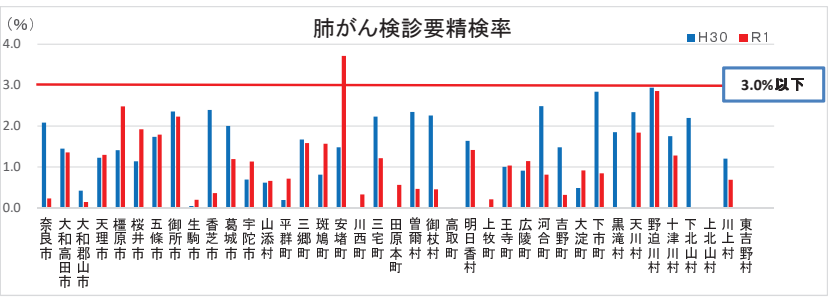
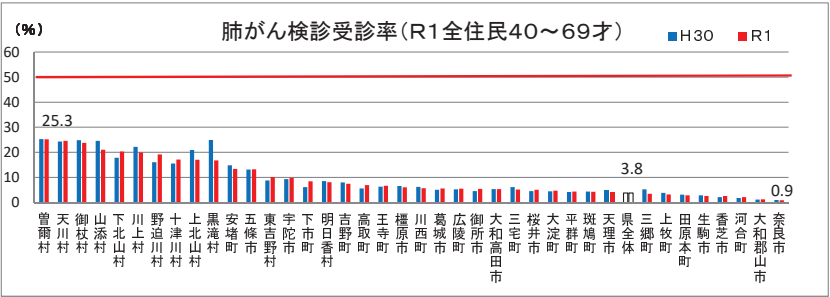
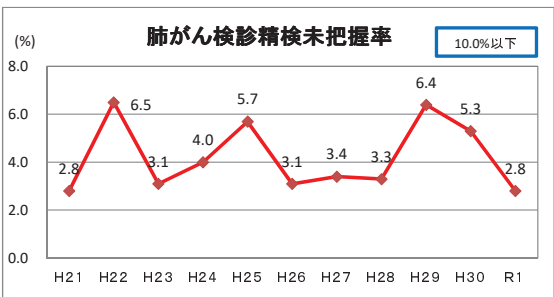
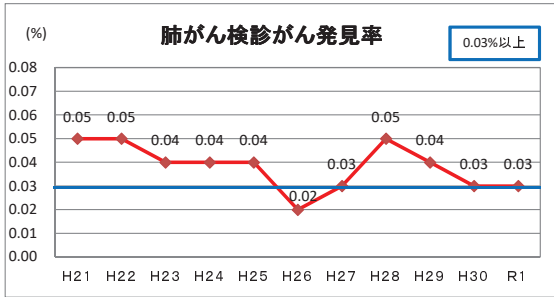
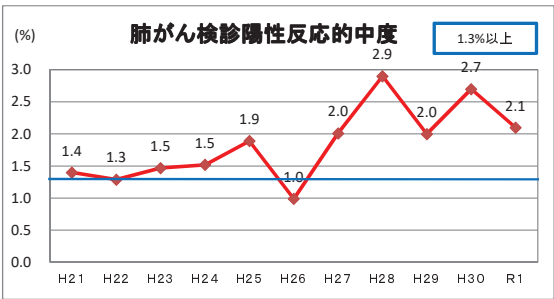
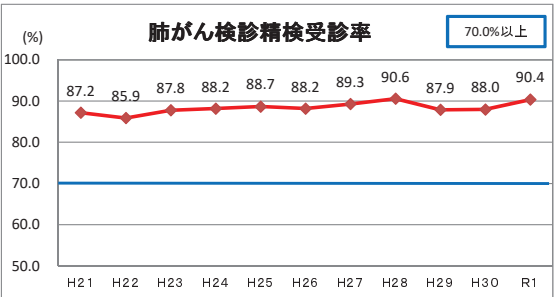
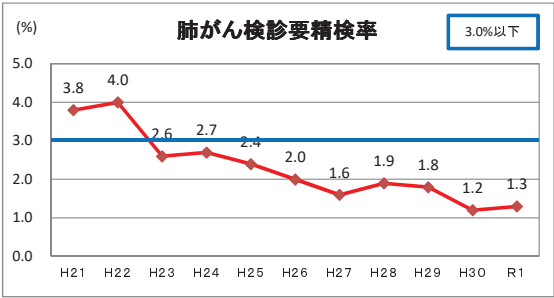
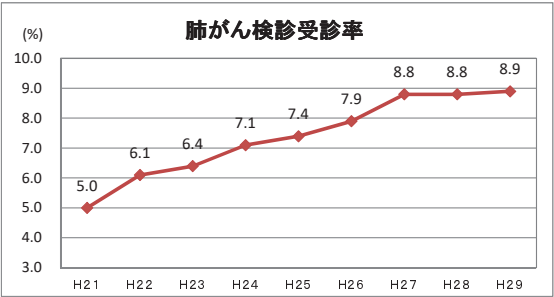
年度	受診率 (%)
H21	6.4
H22	6.5
H23	6.1
H24	6.4
H25	6.5
H26	6.6
H27	7.1
H28	9.7
H29	9.6



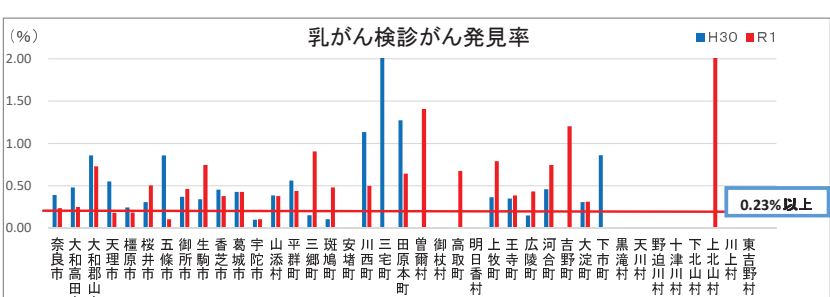
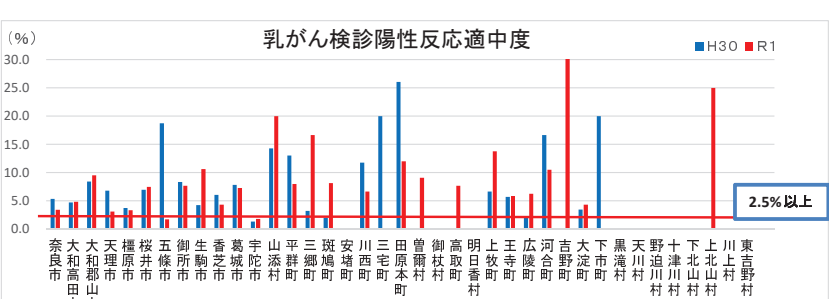
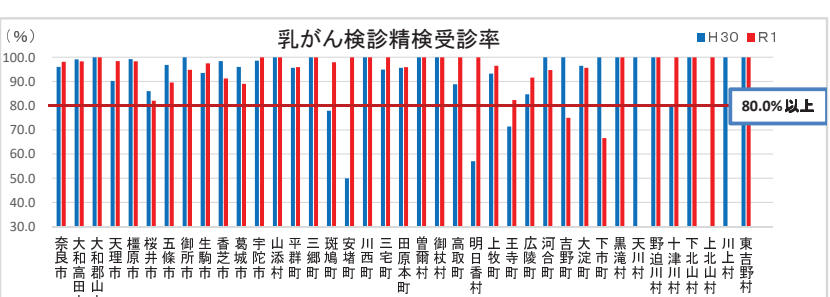
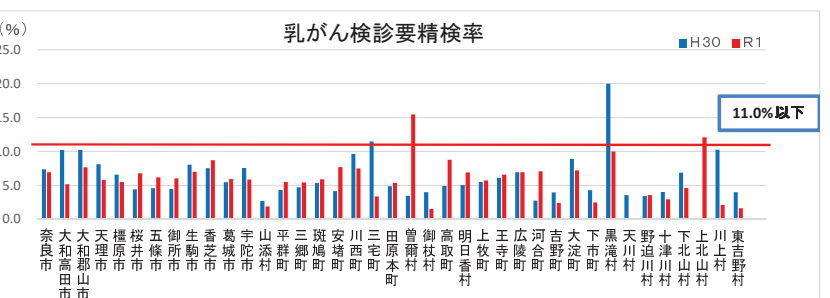
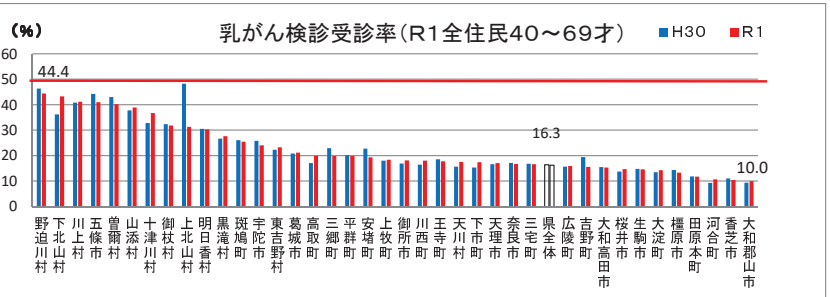
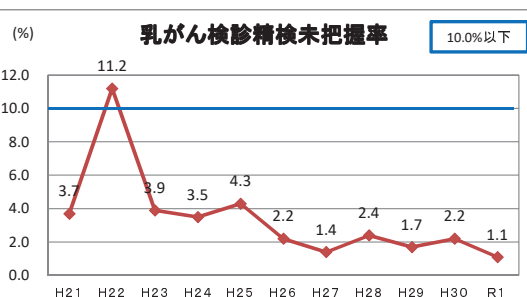
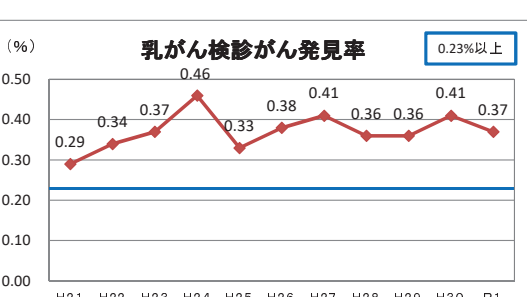
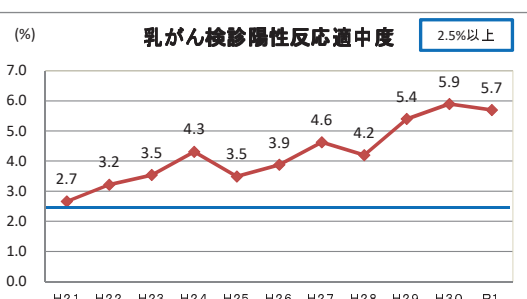
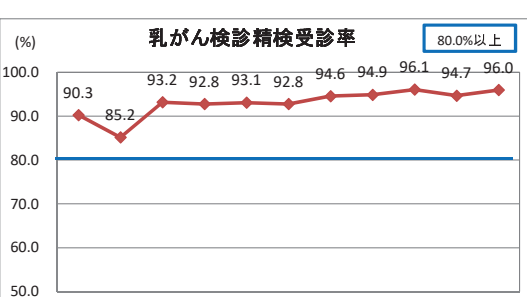
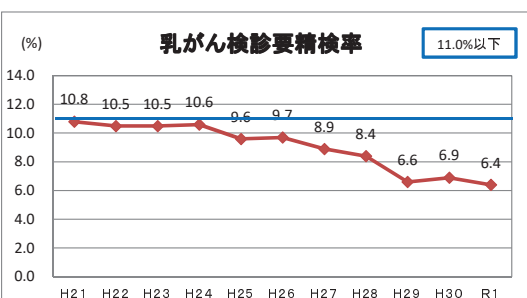
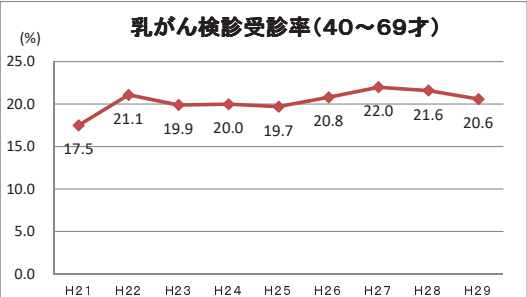
年度	検診受診率 (%)
H21	15.9
H22	16.3
H23	17.4
H24	18.5
H25	19.0
H26	19.8
H27	20.9
H28	19.1
H29	19.3



◆肺がん検診プロセス指標



◆乳がん検診プロセス指標



子宮頸がん検診受診率

年度	受診率 (%)
H21	13.4
H22	19.2
H23	19.9
H24	20.0
H25	20.0
H26	21.1
H27	22.3
H28	20.8
H29	20.0

